



San Francisco DB2 User Group



The next meeting for the San Francisco Area DB2 User Group will be:

Wednesday September 15th, 2004

Register: [click here](#)

Topics: Wednesday September 15th, 2004

“SOX, SOA, and SarbOx and IT - What does it mean to DB2? ”

A Practical Solution that Facilitates Database Compliance to Security Mandates and Industry Initiatives

Speaker: Ulf T. Mattsson – Chief Technology Officer – Protegrity

Ulf T. Mattsson, holds a master's degree in physics and a number of patents in the IT security area. His extensive IT and security industry experience includes 20 years with IBM as a manager of software development and a consulting resource to IBM's Research and Development organization, in the areas of IT Architecture and IT Security. He is an IBM Certified IT Architect and a research member of the International Federation for Information Processing (IFIP) WG 11.3 Data and Application Security, and a member of WSEAS, Medical Records Institute, and the IBM Privacy Management Advisory Council.

Agenda



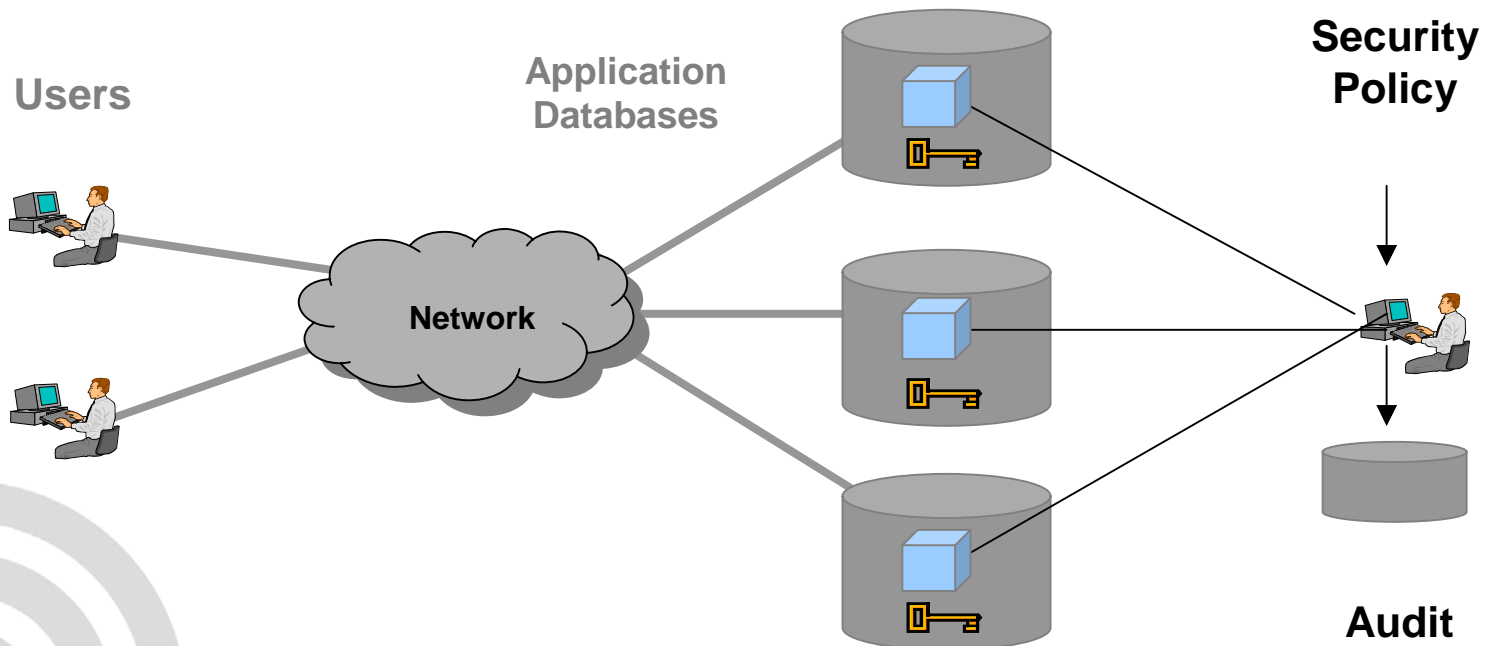
- ◉ Review of Critical and Practical Requirements for Data-layer Security
- ◉ Technology Overview - Data-layer Security
- ◉ Technology issues - Data-layer Security
- ◉ Review of Requirements for Data Type Preserving Security Technology
- ◉ How Protegrity can meet these Requirements



Securing Enterprise Data



Protegrity provides enterprise-wide, policy-driven data security solutions for organizations that need to protect sensitive data



Corporate Overview



- ◉ Ten years experience developing database protection solutions
- ◉ We own fundamental data protection patents
- ◉ Over sixty customers
- ◉ HQ in Connecticut with offices in North Carolina and Sweden
- ◉ Wholly-owned subsidiary of Xcelera Inc. (AMEX:XLA)



Protegrity and IBM



- Protegrity is an Advanced Partner of IBM PartnerWorld for Software
- Protegrity is an Advanced Partner of IBM PartnerWorld for Developers
- Protegrity and IBM has signed the IBM Passport Advantage Solution Selling Agreement
- Protegrity is part of the IBM IPASS program where IBM will manage all orders, invoicing and Protegrity will ship the products
- Protegrity is certified by the IBM Start Now Solution Proven Program
- Secure.Data for DB2 is certified on The Solution Advantage Server Proven program



→ Magazine

→ E-Newsletter

→ Technical Tips

→ Skills & Education

→ Books

→ Career Center

→ Subscribe

→ Advertise



DB2 20th Anniversary Poster



Features

An Anniversary Message to the DB2 Community

Janet Perna

After 20 years, the innovations keep coming. IBM Data Management Solutions general manager Janet Perna sets the stage for what's coming next.

Protecting DB2 Data

Ulf T. Mattsson

Your company's data is one of its most precious resources, and it's facing threats from all sides. Do you know how to protect it?

Columns

Data Miner

Experimental Design

Elizabeth Obee

Web Developer

Are XML Databases Necessary?

Michael S. Dougherty

Content Management

You Say CM, I Say DM ...

Priscilla Emery

DB2 DBA

Seeing the DB2 Light

Robert Catterall

Programmers Only

More Joys of Commitment

Bonnie Baker

? DB2 Trivia

By what name was DB2 known at IBM before its 1983 unveiling to the public?

- A. Falcon
- B. Eagle
- C. Hawk
- D. Kestrel

Answer correctly to enter a drawing for a \$100

American Express Gift Cheque!

Grade Me

E-Newsletter



Browser navigation bar with menu (File, Edit, View, Favorites, Tools, Help), address bar (http://www.google.com/search?hl=en&ie=UTF-8&q=database+encryption), and search bar.



Web Images Groups News Froogle more »
database encryption Search
Advanced Search
Preferences

Web Results 1 - 10 of about 1,230,000 for

Database encryption - OSNews.com

... Subscribe. Advertise. Read articles with similar Topic, Database encryption. ... Eugenia Loli-Queru on 2004-07-28 00:29:18 UTC, submitted by LogError. ... www.osnews.com/story.php?news_id=7825 - 17k - Aug 13, 2004 - Cached - Similar pages

A Database Encryption Solution
Written by Ulf T. Mattsson, Chief Technology Officer, Protegrity Corporation.

Linux Security - The Community's Center For Security

A Database Encryption Solution. Published By: net-security.org Submitted By: Ulf Mattsson Posted By: David Isecke 7/28/2004 12:50. ... www.linuxsecurity.com/articles/server_security_article-9559.html - 30k - Aug 13, 2004 - Cached - Similar pages

A Practical Implementation of a Real-time Intrusion Prevention System for Commercial Enterprise Databases
by Ulf Mattsson - CTO of Protegrity - Wednesday, 11 August 2004.

newsvac.newsforge.com/article.pl?sid=04/07/28/197219
Similar pages

A Database Encryption Solution That Is Protecting Against External And Internal Threats, And Meeting Regulatory Requirements
by Ulf Mattsson - CTO of Protegrity - Wednesday, 28 July 2004

Time is Right for Database Encryption | December 9, 2003 ...
WORKSHOP. Time is Right for Database Encryption Are data-privacy regulations dreams about stolen employee data keeping you up at night? ... www.nwc.com/showitem.jhtml?docid=1425ws1 - 63k - Cached - Similar pages

A Database Encryption Solution That Is Protecting Against External And Internal Threats, And Meeting Regulatory Requirements
by Ulf Mattsson - CTO of Protegrity - Wednesday, 28 July 2004.

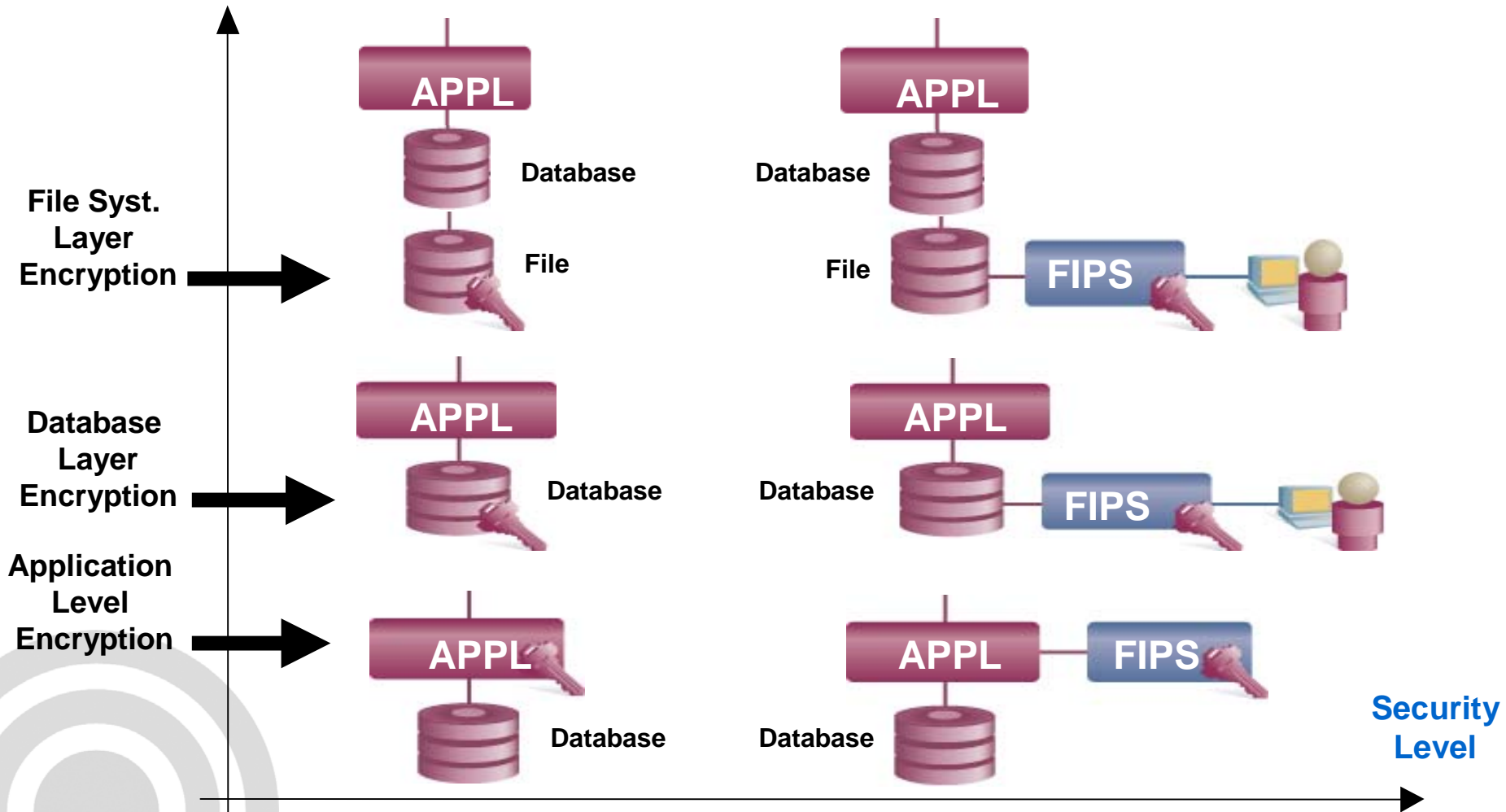
HNS - A Database Encryption Solution That Is Protecting Against External And Internal Threats, And Meeting Regulatory Requirements
A Database Encryption Solution That Is Protecting Against External And Internal Threats, And Meeting Regulatory Requirements by Ulf Mattsson - Wednesday, 28 July 2004 ... www.net-security.org/article.php?id=715 - 18k - Cached - Similar pages

[PDF] White Paper: Developing a Database Encryption Strategy



Case Studies – 3 Solution Alternatives

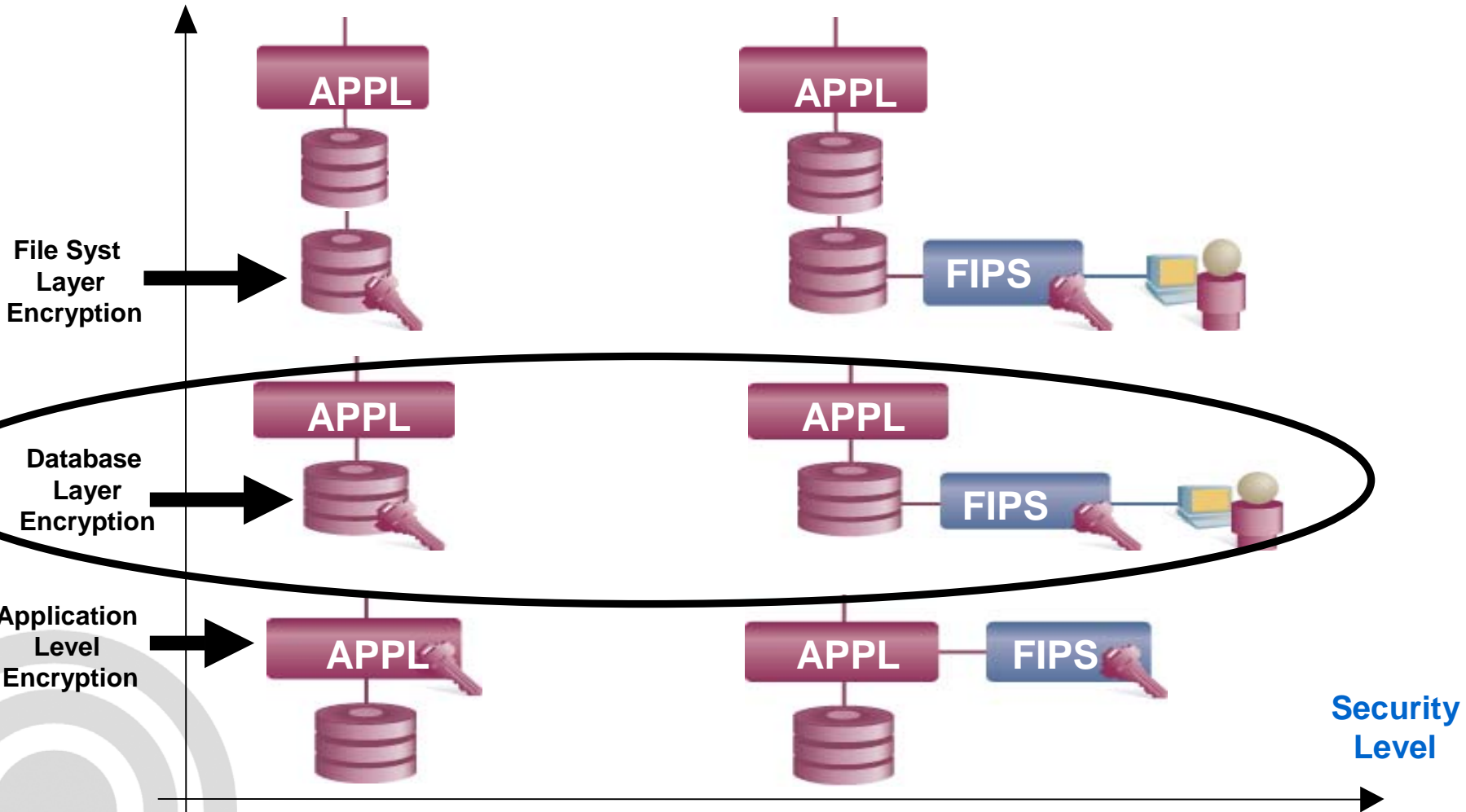
Ease of Deployment



Case Studies – Database Encryption Solutions



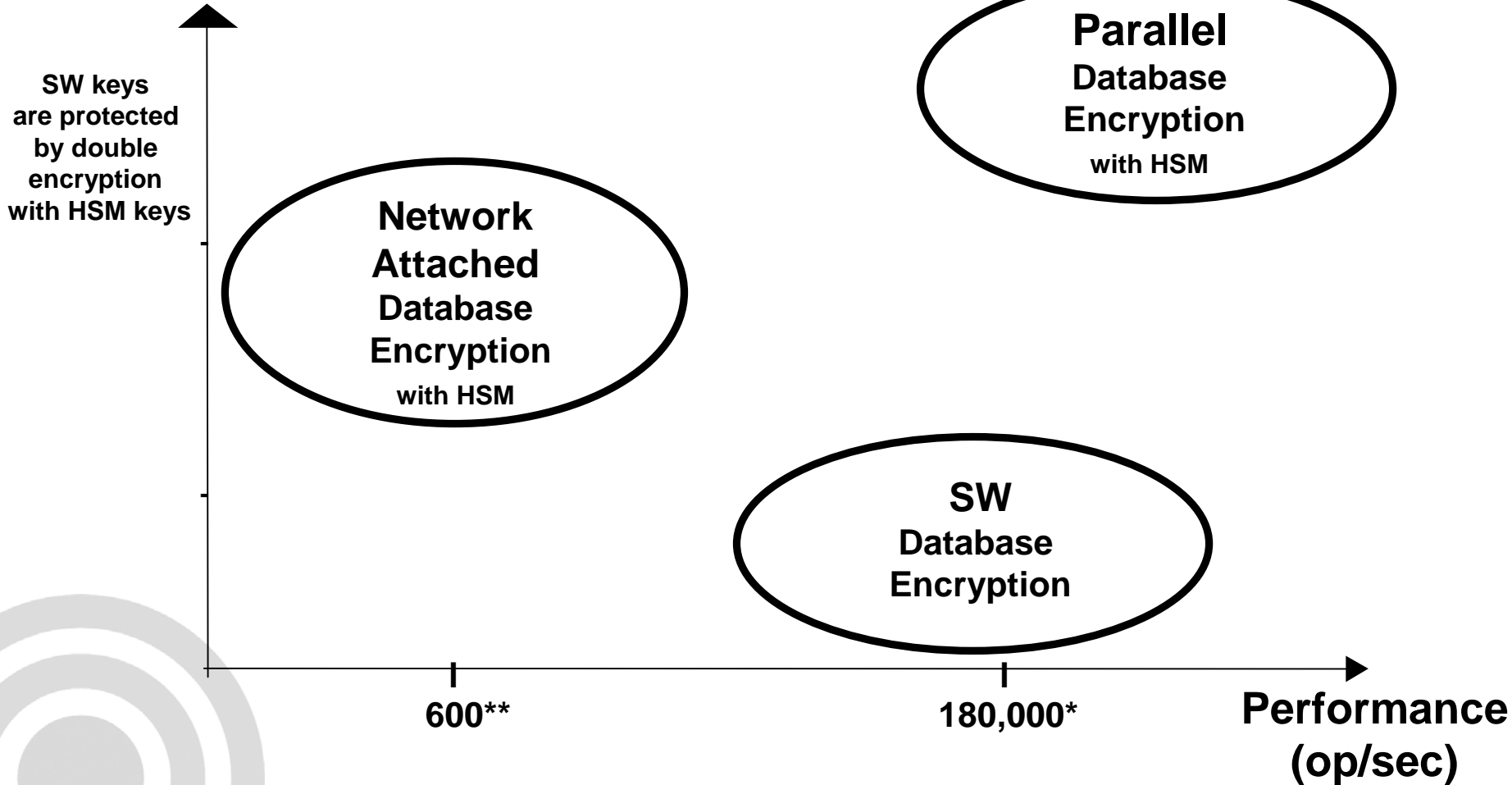
Ease of Deployment



Security & Performance of Database Encryption Solutions



Security Level

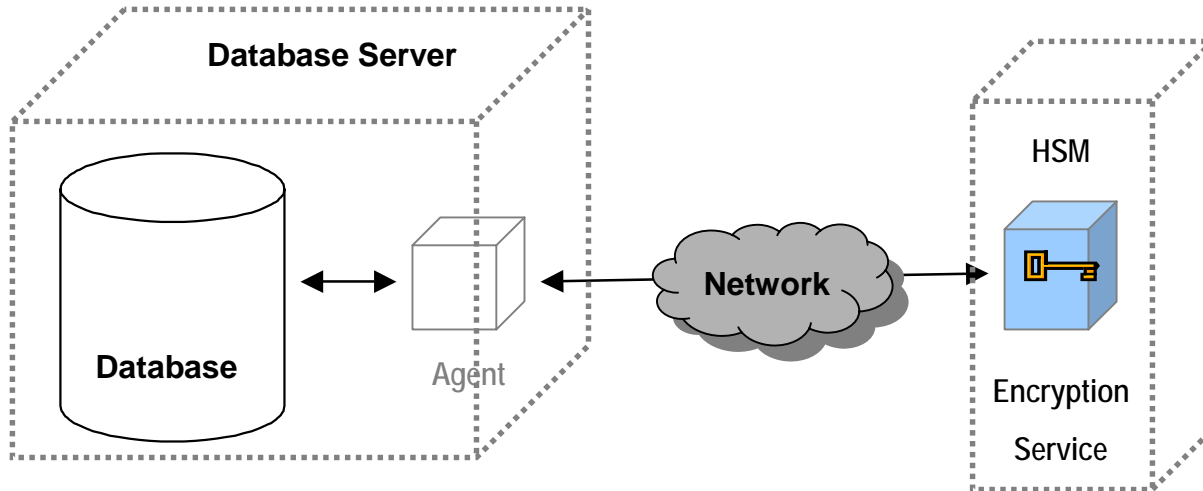


*: Source - IBM Waltham, Protegrity Secure.Data Benchmark on UNIX

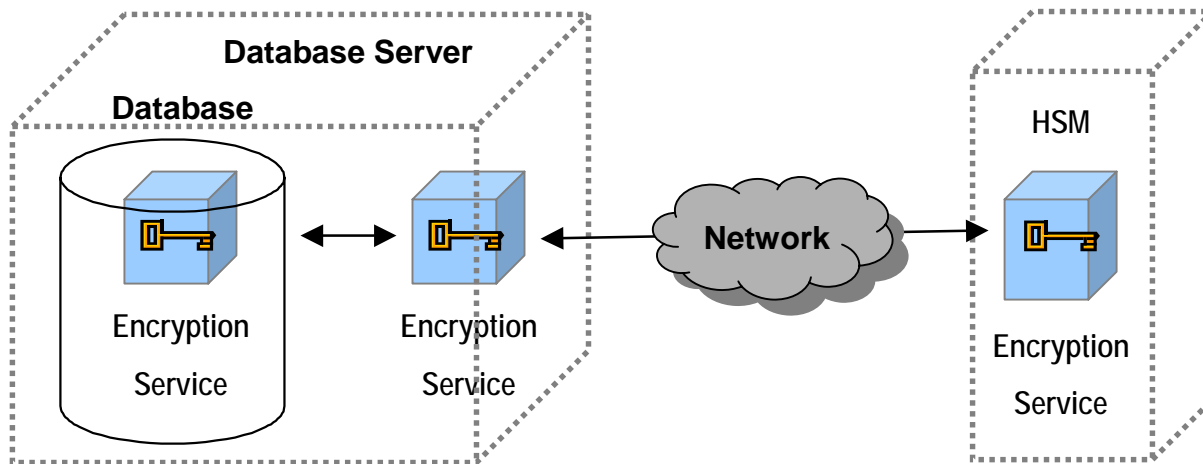
** : Based on Publicly available information and Protegrity Benchmarks

Performance – Database Encryption

Network Attached Database Encryption (600 op/sec**)



Integrated Parallel Database Encryption (180,000 op/sec*)



*: Source - IBM Waltham, Protegrity Secure.Data Benchmark on UNIX

** : Based on Publicly available information and Protegrity Benchmarks.

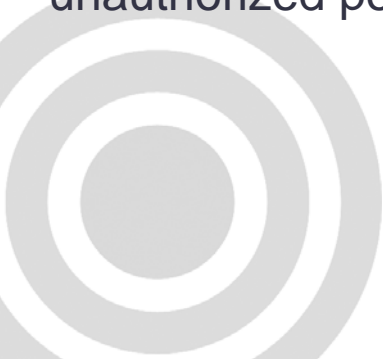
Privacy & Security Legislation

- New legislation demands it
 1. GLBA
 2. HIPAA
 3. Safe Harbor
- Business partners and trade associations require it
 1. Customer CISP
 2. American Express MDSS
 3. MasterCard SDPS
- International businesses assume it
- Customers expect it



Effective July 1, 2003, SEC. 2. Section 1798.29 is added to the Civil Code:

- Any agency that owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information shall **disclose any breach of the security** of the system following discovery or notification of the breach in the security of the data to any resident of California whose **unencrypted** personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.
- 1798.82. A. Any person or business that conducts business in California, and that owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information, shall **disclose any breach of the security** of the system following discovery or notification of the breach in the security of the data to any resident of California whose **unencrypted** personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.



GLBA/OCC IT Requirements



1. Access control and authentication
2. Encryption, including transit and storing
3. Implementation to confirm modifications consistent with InfoSecPol
4. Segregation of duties for access control management
5. Mechanism to protect the security by service provider
6. Monitoring system to detect actual attempted attacks
7. Response when unauthorized access is suspected or detected
8. Response to preserve integrity and security

OCC Data Security Regulations II.A-B; III.A-D for GLBA



ISSUE

1. Install and maintain a working network firewall to protect data accessible via the Internet
2. Keep security patches up-to-date
- 3. Encrypt stored data**
4. Encrypt data sent across open networks
5. Use regularly update anti-virus software
- 6. Restrict access to data by business “need to know”**
7. Assign unique ID to each person with computer access to data.
8. Don’t use vendor-supplied defaults for system passwords and other security parameters
- 9. Track access to data by unique ID**
10. Regularly test security systems and processes
- 11. Maintain a policy that addresses information security for employees and contractors**
12. Restrict physical access to cardholder information

Best Practice: Use ‘split knowledge’ or “dual control” to preserve system security.

HIPAA IT Requirements



1. Data to be Protected - "patient identifiable information", not necessarily medical records
2. Healthcare is Data Driven & Data Intensive
3. Shorthand for security requirements:
 - Confidentiality
 - Integrity
 - Individual Accountability
4. Current Interpretation is Data at Rest as well as Data during Transmission
5. Protegrity provides trusted functionality (access control, integrity, confidentiality, audit trails) as required by HIPAA and as needed by business requirements
6. Protegrity provides the means for this functionality across several applications and platforms

Privacy Legislation & Industry Initiatives

Privacy Legislation:

- U.S. Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, (GLBA) extended with the U.S. Office of the Comptroller of Currency (OCC) requirements for the financial services industry
- U.S. Healthcare Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA) 21CFR 11 Electronic Records; Electronic Signatures for Clinical Trials
- U.S. State of California SB 1386 Disclosure Law
- E.U. 95/46/EC Directive on Data Privacy (Safe Harbor) and individual E.U. member state privacy legislation
- Canada's Personal Information Protection and Electronic Document Act (PIPEDA)

Industry Initiatives:

- ISO 17799 Code of Practice for Security Management
- American Express Merchant Data Security Standards
- MasterCard Site Data Protection Service
- Customer Cardholder Information Security Program (CISP)
- Customer 3D Secure specifications for cardholder data protection
- U.S. Software and Information Industry Association (SIIA) - A method for securing credit card and private consumer data in e-business sites

Typical Compliance Requirements:

User Access Control & Audit

Data Integrity

Administrator Access Control & Audit

Response when unauthorized access is suspected or detected

Data Confidentiality

Outside Threats



Inside Threats



The most serious financial losses occurred through theft of proprietary information.



SECURE 'THE KEYS' TO YOUR CRITICAL DATA



Clear separation of Authentication, Authorization, and Encryption Key Management

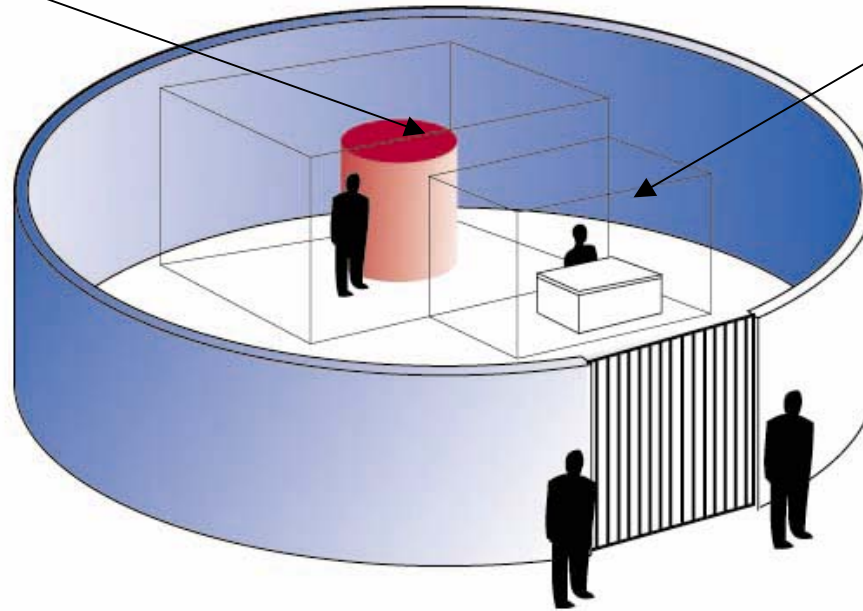


**Your platforms may never be secure,
But the keys to your data can be secure.**

Security Trend: 'Inside Out' – Like a Bank

3. DATABASE SECURITY

2. STRONG AUTHENTICATION



1. FIREWALL

'... we are losing against security each day ...
we need to re-think: inside-out ...'

Data Security Critical Requirements



- ◉ Protect data in both the database and storage system
- ◉ Enforce privileges at the field/user level
- ◉ Separate security policy from data management
- ◉ Protect encryption keys
- ◉ Audit & report access to secure data



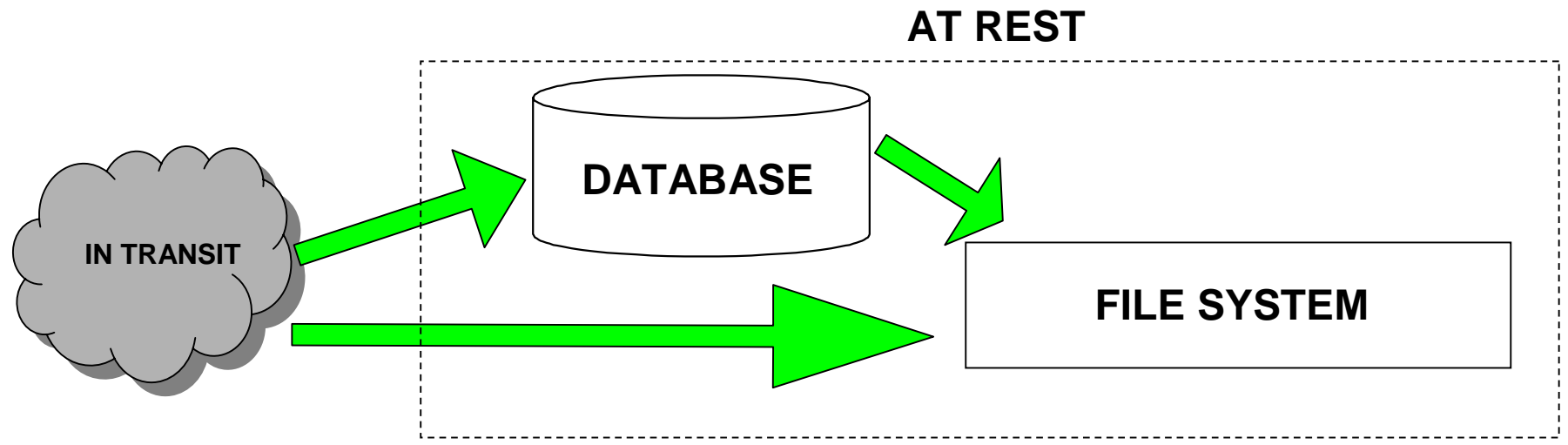
Data Security Practical Requirements



- ◉ Transparent to applications and infrastructure
- ◉ Minimal impact on performance
- ◉ Enforce security policies across the enterprise
- ◉ Support multiple data stores and operating systems
- ◉ Cost effective to deploy and maintain



Different Threats to Database and File System



Database Threats

- ✓ Hackers
- ✓ Employees,
- ✓ Contractors
- ✓ Customers
- ✓ Suppliers
- ✓ Partners
- ✓ Outsourcers
- ✓ Trojan Horses
- ✓ Application errors

File System Threats

- ✓ Physical Theft – file / backup
- ✓ Root/Admin



Data Security Requirements



- The requirements are divided between critical requirements, “must-haves” for a solution to effectively secure the data, and practical requirements, factors that make it feasible for an enterprise to deploy a solution. The three different approaches reviewed are:
 - Application-Layer
 - Database-Layer
 - Storage-Layer
- The database-layer approach proves to be the most comprehensive and versatile in meeting the broad needs of most heterogeneous environments found in today’s large complex organizations.



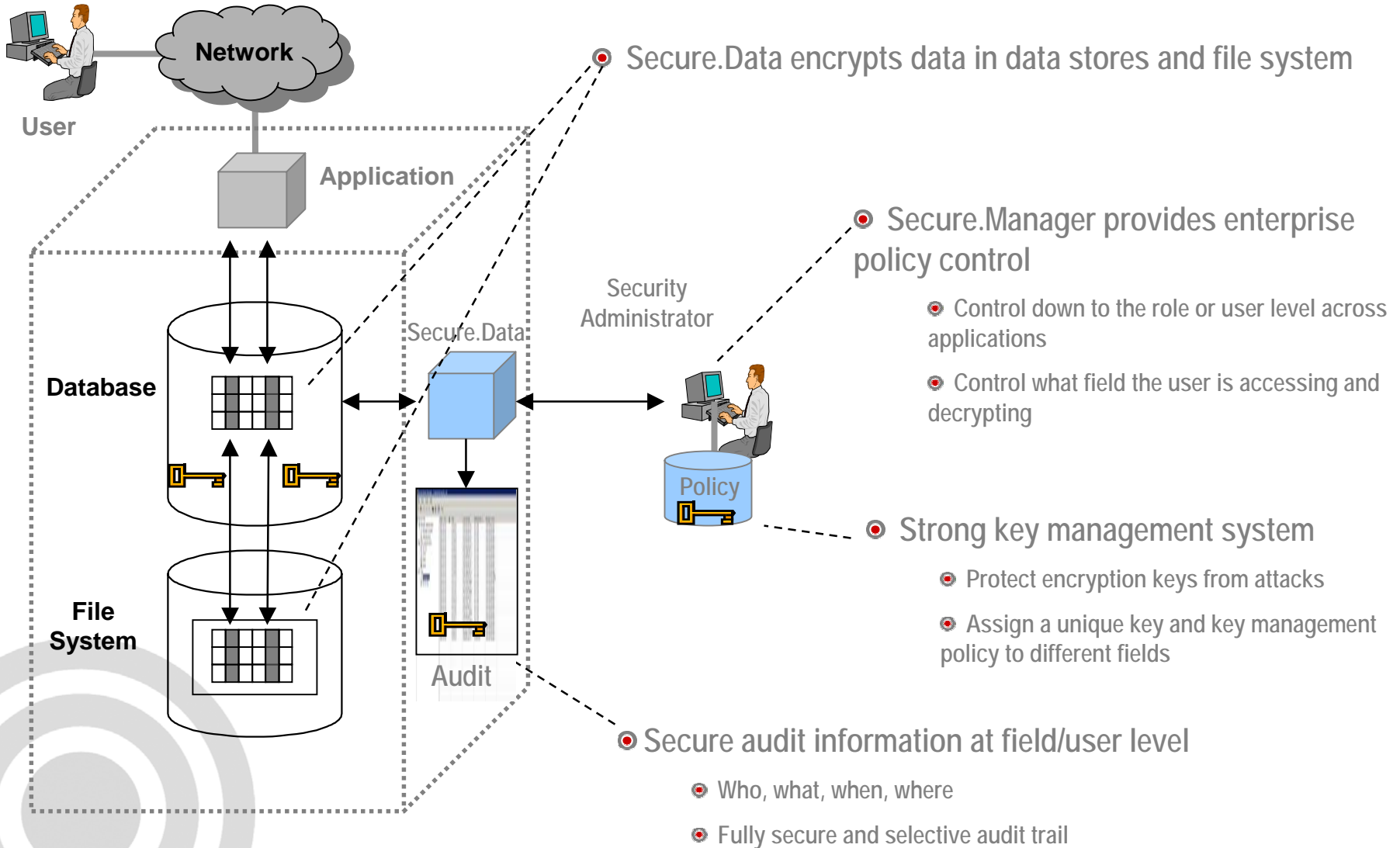
Conclusion - Data Security Requirements



- ◉ *Application-layer encryption:*
 - ◉ Requires rewrite of existing applications
 - ◉ Rewriting applications is also very risky and introduces an implementation time delay factor.
 - ◉ All applications that access the encrypted data must also be changed to support the encryption/decryption model.
- ◉ *Storage-layer encryption* alone can only protect against a narrow range of threats:
 - ◉ Media theft and
 - ◉ Storage system attacks.
- ◉ *Database-layer encryption* protects the data within the DBMS and also protects against a wide range of threats, including:
 - ◉ Storage media theft,
 - ◉ Storage attacks,
 - ◉ Database-layer attacks, and
 - ◉ Malicious DBAs.

Deployment at the column level within a database table, coupled with access controls will prevent theft of critical data.

Protegrity Secure.Data – Functionality



Support Multiple Data Stores and Operating Systems

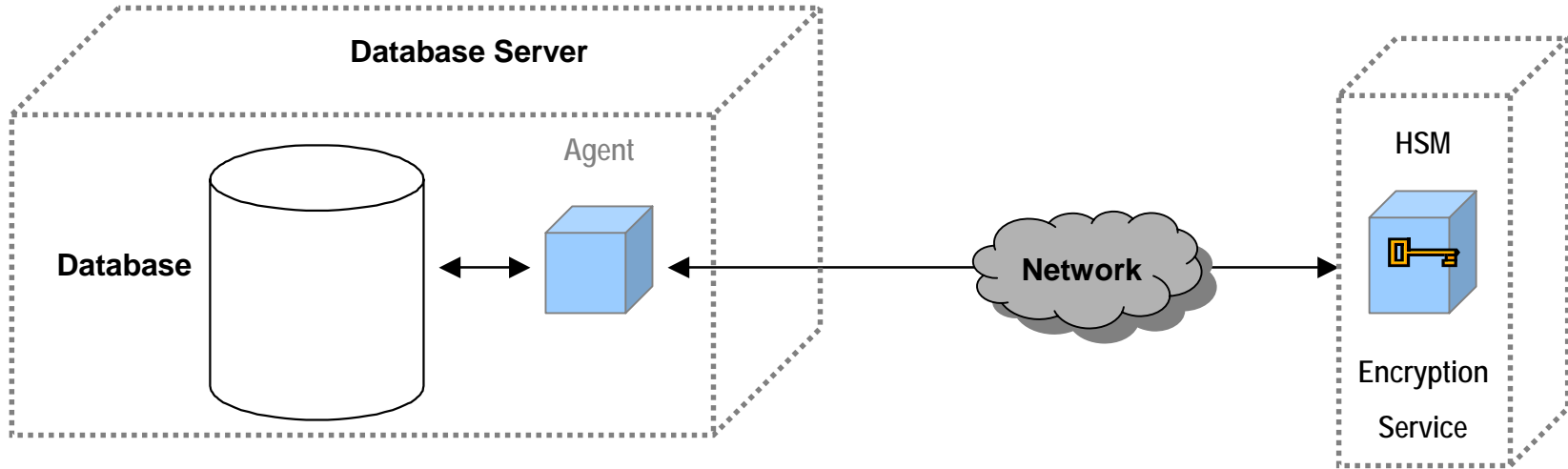
Business
Partner

Data Stores	Operating Systems	Status
Oracle 8i and 9i	AIX 5L, HP-UX 11, Solaris 2.x	Available
SQL Server 2000	Windows	Available
DB2 7	OS/390 3.x, z/OS 1.x	Available
DB2 8	AIX 5L, Windows	Available
Informix 9	Solaris 2.x	Available
Sybase 12	HP-UX 11, Solaris 2.x Windows	Available

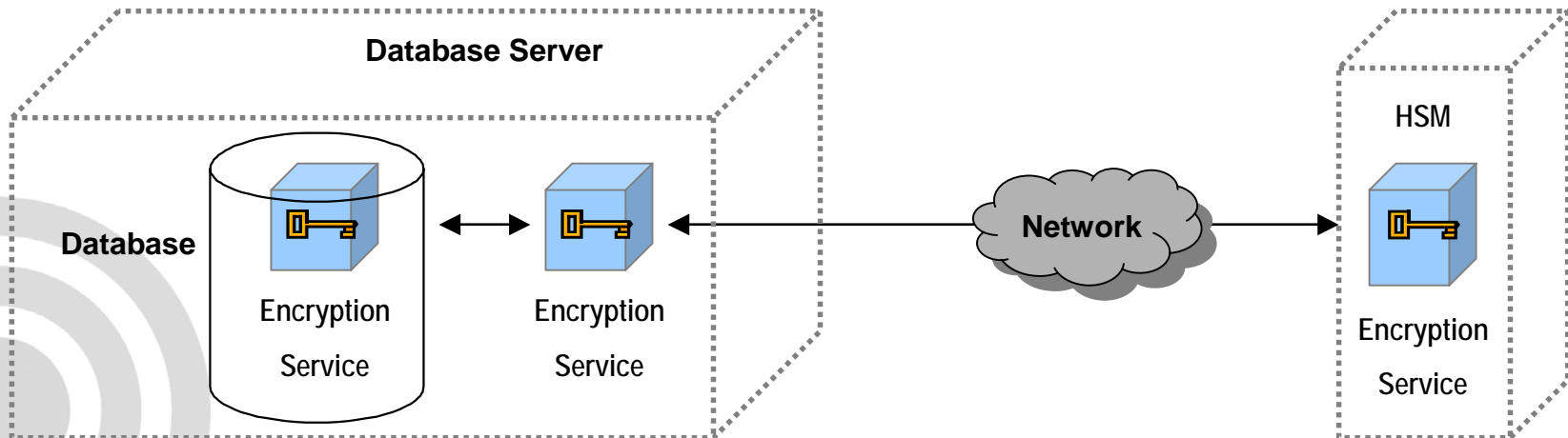
Performance – Database Encryption



Network Attached Database Encryption (600 op/sec**)



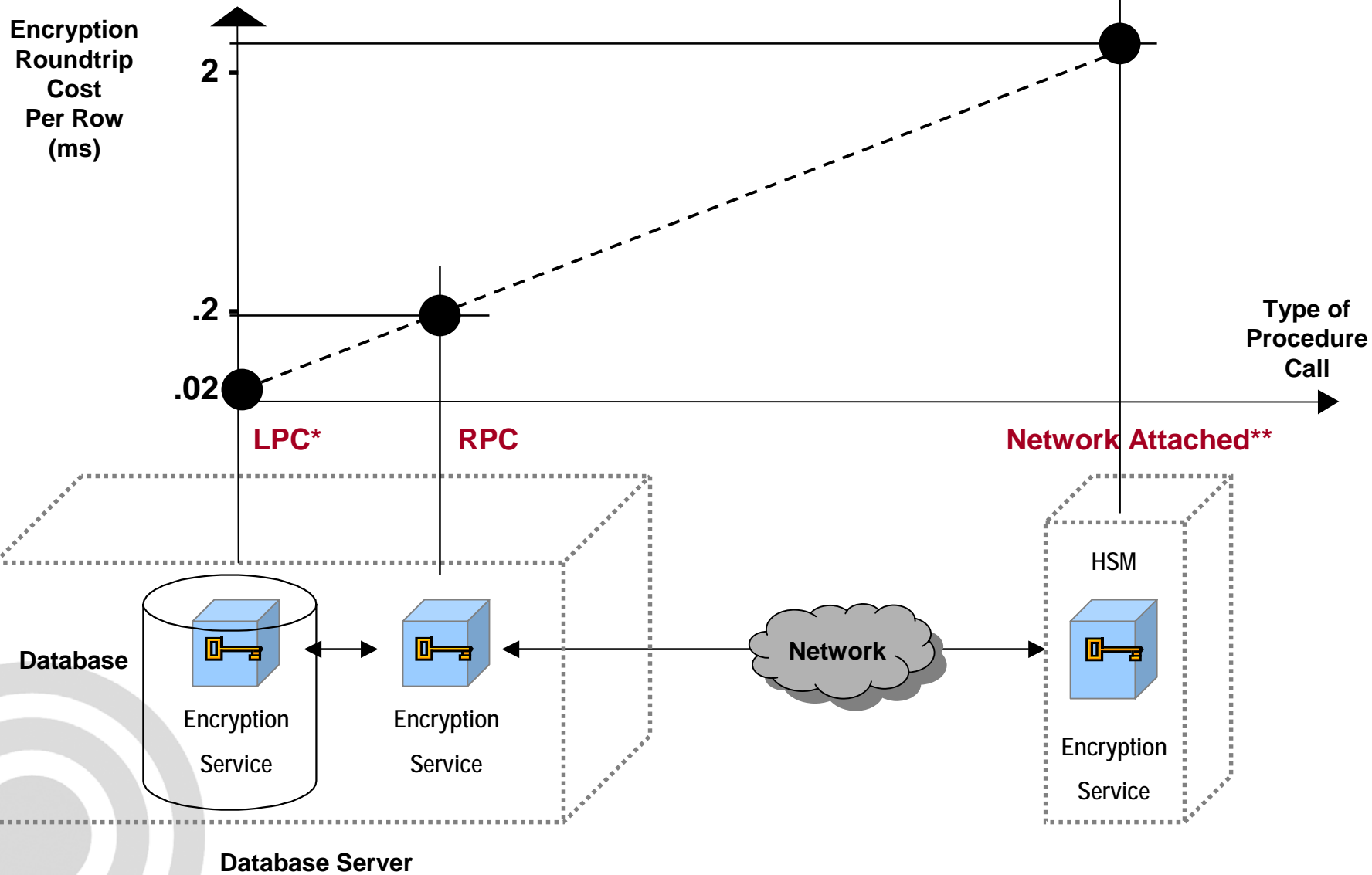
Protegrity Integrated Database Encryption (180,000 op/sec*)



*: Source - IBM Waltham, Protegrity Secure.Data Benchmark on UNIX.

** : Based on Publicly available information and Protegrity Benchmarks.

Typical Cost of Database Crypto Operations



*: Source - IBM Waltham, Protegrity Secure.Data Benchmark on UNIX

** : Based on Publicly available information and Protegrity Benchmarks

Critical Security Requirements for Data Type Preservation

- Encrypt and decrypt data in existing environments
- No changes to the length of fields or type of data
- No changes required to IT infrastructure or applications
- Supports all databases and file systems
- NIST certified encryption algorithms



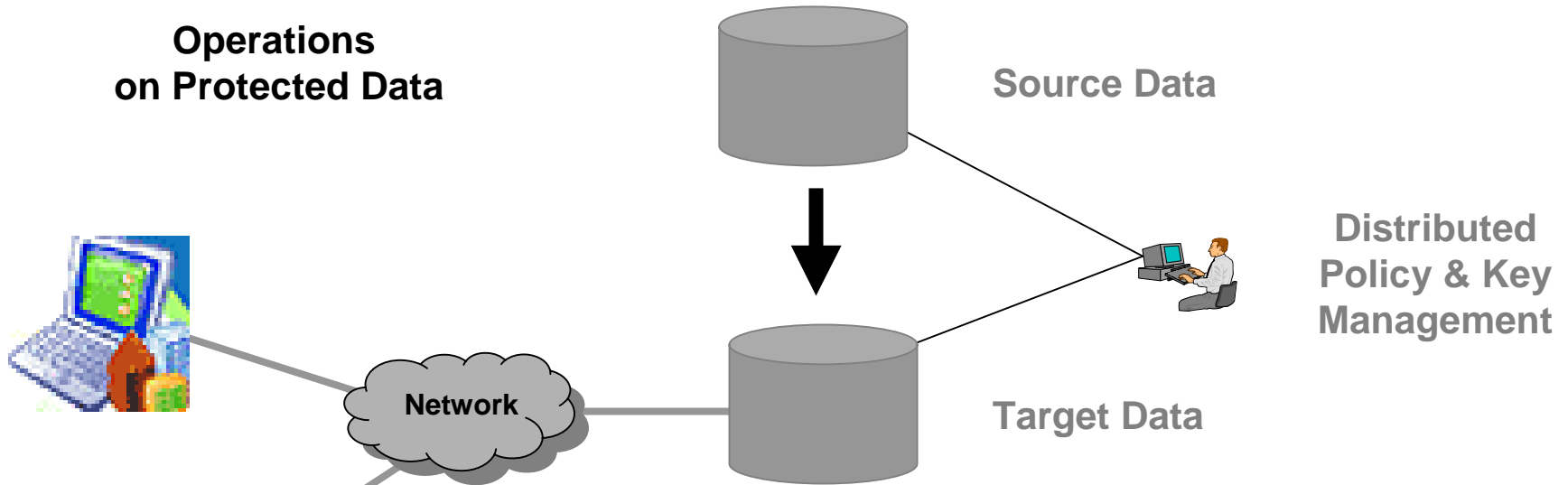
DTP Benefits – Customer Case Study



- ◉ No impact on IT Infrastructure and Applications
- ◉ Scalable to Terra-bytes of data
- ◉ Support for OS/390, UNIX, and Windows
- ◉ No Additional Hardware Investment
- ◉ Distributed Key-management
- ◉ Easy Fail-over (vs. VPN)



Search on Protected Fields



Support for Partial Indexing

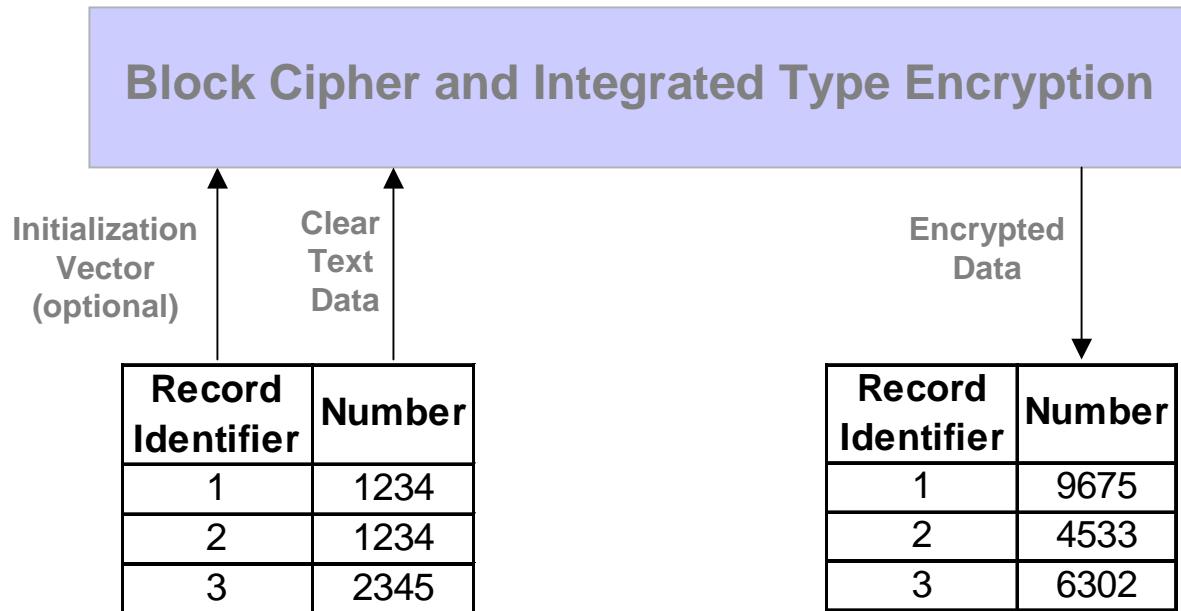
5	4	6	6	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	7	7	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Clear Text

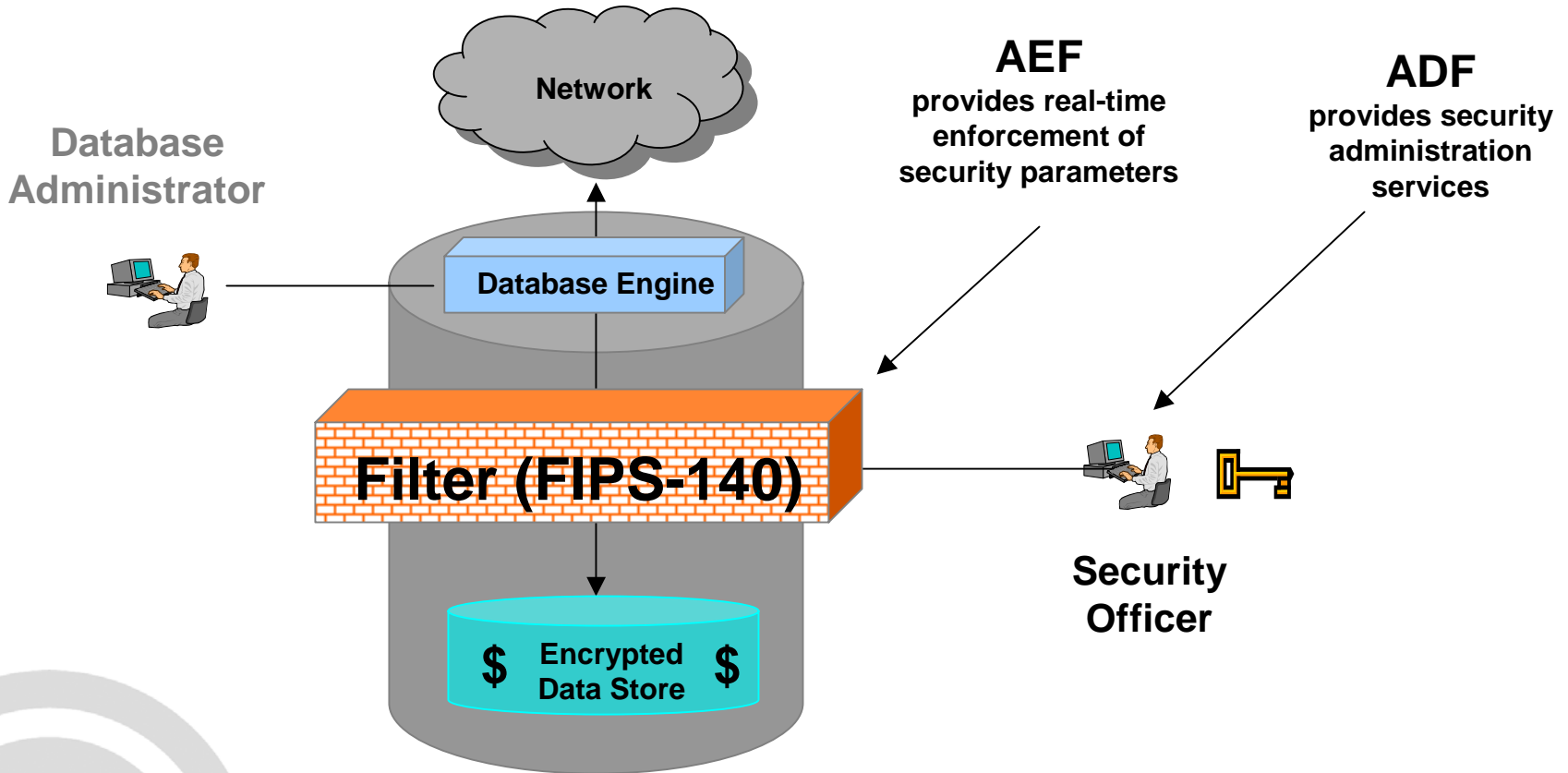
Cipher Text

Clear Text

DTP – Optional use of Unique Initialization Vector



Security Management Standard - ISO/IEC 10181-31



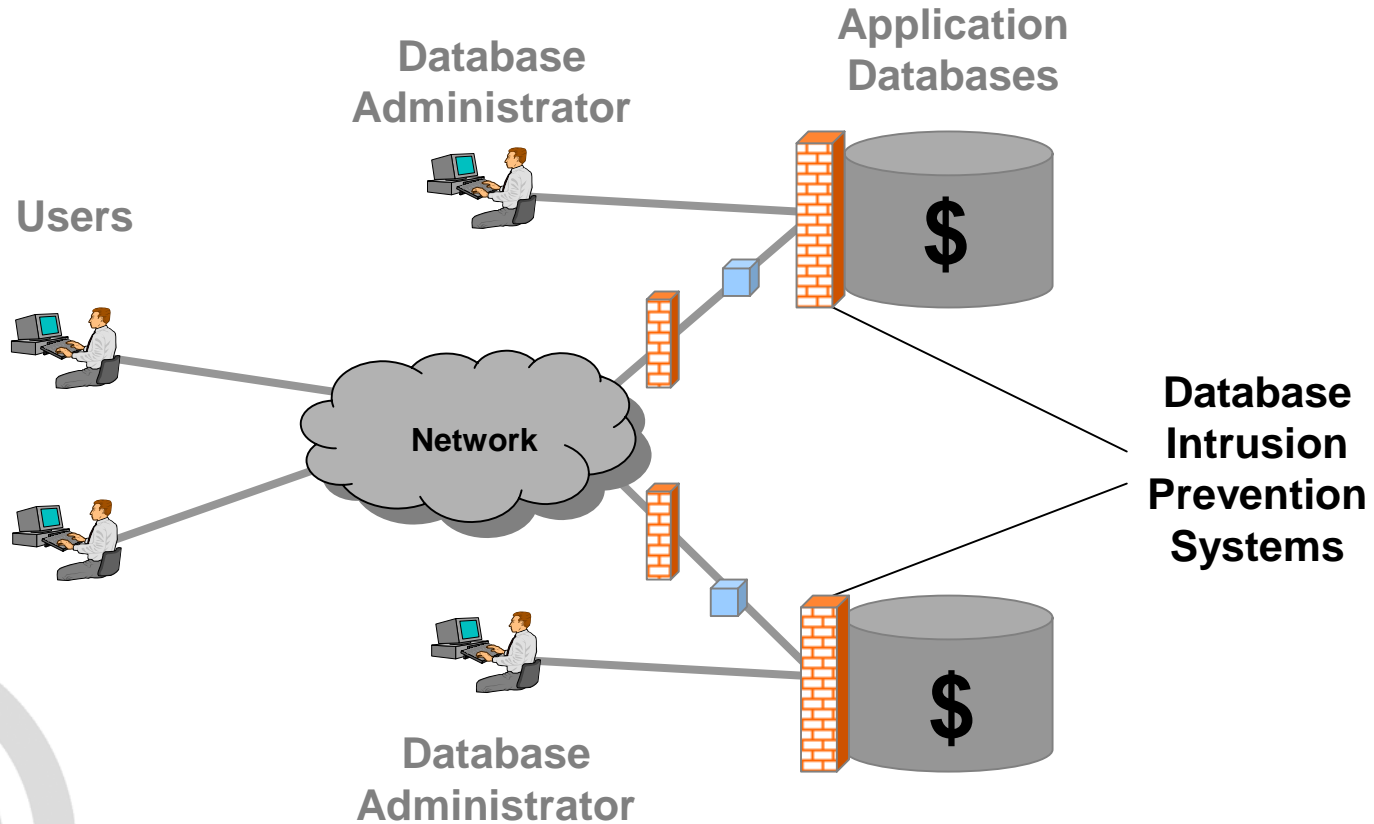
Application Database

Down and Popek: Design of a Secure Database

The Database Intrusion Prevention System



The proposed solution locks down the database to both enforce correct behavior and block abnormal behavior. The default policy ensures rapid deployment.



Best Practice (Customer USA) – Dual Control

Use ‘split knowledge’ or “dual control” to preserve system security.

